

Printed Pages: 01 Sub Code: RBT401

Paper Id:

151431

Roll No.

B. TECH (SEM III) THEORY EXAMINATION 2017-18 **GENETICS & MOLECULAR BIOLOGY**

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 70

Note: Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

Attempt all questions in brief. 1.

 $2 \times 7 = 14$

- a. Summarize what is central dogma tells us about the role of DNA, RNA & proteins.
- b. Differentiate between alleles and genes.
- c. Define apoptosis.
- d. What is locus?
- e. What is the role of DAM methylase in DNA repair?
- f. Explain tautomerization.
- g. What are kappa particles?

SECTION B

2. Attempt any three of the following:

7x 3 = 21

- What is wobble hypothesis? Explain the process of post translational modifications.
- Prove with suitable example that DNA works as a hereditary material.
- What is recombinant DNA technology? Explain the role of enzymes involved in this process.
- d. Explain extra chromosomal inheritance with suitable examples.
- Describe different DNA repair mechanisms.

SECTION C

Attempt any one part of the following: 3.

 $7x\ 1=7$

- a. Prove that DNA replication is semi conservative in nature? Explain the role of enzymes involved in this process.
- b. Explain the steps of protein synthesis- initiation, elongation and termination in detail.

4. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

- a. Give a detailed note on cell cycle regulation.
- b. State the Mendel's law of inheritance with suitable examples.

5. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

7x 1=7

- a. Explain the initiation, elongation and termination events in prokaryotic DNA replication.
- b. Discuss about genome organization of mitochondria and chloroplast.

6. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

- a. What is linkage and linked genes? Explain them with suitable diagram.
- b. Explain sex determination in drosophila.

7. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $7 \times 1 = 7$

- What are genetic codes? Give the properties of genetic code.
- b. What is promoter? Explain the process of transcription in eukaryotes.