

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Books)

Paper ID : 113852

Roll No.

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B.TECH.

Theory Examination (Semester-VIII) 2015-16

MULTIMEDIASYSTEM

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Section-A

Q.1. Attempt all parts. All parts carry equal marks. Write answer of each part in short. (2×10=20)

- (a) What is meant by the terms multimedia and hypermedia?
- (b) Discuss why lossy data compression is sometimes preferred over lossless.
- (c) What is meant by the terms static media and dynamic media? Give two examples of each type of media.
- (d) Why file or data compression is necessary for multimedia activities?

- (e) How is a basic MIDI message structured?
- (f) What is hypertext? What is the architecture of hypertext document?
- (g) Discuss the benefits offered by compression schemes in designing systems.
- (h) Write the difference between bitmap and vector drawn images.
- (i) Compare the contrast JPEG and MPEG.
- (j) Write a short note on characteristics of sound.

Q.2. Attempt any five questions from this section.

(10×5=50)

- (a) What are the key differences among I-Frames, P-Frames and B-Frames?
- (b) What motion compensation is used for in MPEG video compression? Explain in brief.
- (c) What is meant by the terms frequency and temporal masking of two or more audio signals? What is the cause of this masking?

- (d) (i) Elaborate BMP image file format.
- (ii) What is fractal compression technique for image compression?
- (e) Briefly describe the four basic types of data redundancy, whose data compression algorithms can be applied to audio, image and video signals.
- (f) What are multimedia authoring tools ? Explain any three in brief.
- (g) What is multimedia document architecture? What is its relevance in this era of internet? Explain in brief.
- (h) With the help of an example discuss Huffman coding as text compression technique.

Section-C

Attempt any two questions from this section. (15×2=30)

Q3. Given the following string as input: ABRACADABRA with the initial dictionary below, encode the sequence with the LZW algorithm, showing the intermediate steps

Index	Entry
1	A
2	B
3	C
4	D
5	R

Q4. Consider the following DNA fragment:

...GTACCCGACACTTCCGTCCCCTTC... Assume that the frequencies of symbols in the rest of the sequence are the same as in this fragment. Estimate the probabilities of each symbol {A, G, T, C} and hence derive the Huffman code for each. Estimate the average number of bits per symbol required to encode the sequence using Huffman code under these circumstances.

Q5. Write Short Note on:

- (a) Arithmetic encoding
- (b) Run length encoding
- (c) LZ and LZW

