

(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your  
Answer Books)

Paper ID : 164408

Roll No. 

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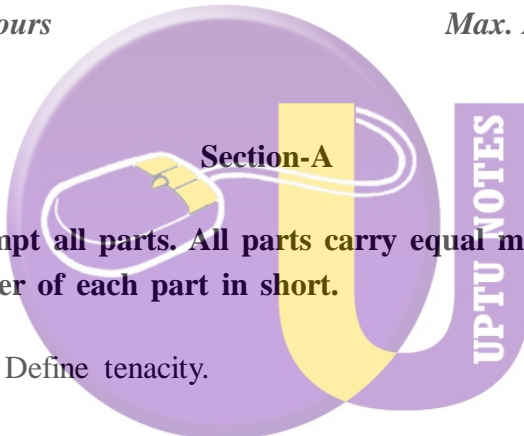
**B.TECH.**

**Theory Examination (Semester-IV) 2015-16**

**TEXTILE TESTING I**

*Time : 3 Hours*

*Max. Marks : 100*



**1. Attempt all parts. All parts carry equal marks. Write answer of each part in short. (2×10=20)**

- (a) Define tenacity.
- (b) Write any two units of fibre fineness.
- (c) Define moisture content.
- (d) Give the units of toughness of a textile substrate.
- (e) What is absolute humidity.

- (f) Increasing the RH% of testing environment from 60% to 80% will result in increase in tenacity value of PP fibre. (True/ False)
- (g) What are the standard environmental conditions of textile testing.
- (h) What is the full form of AFIS.
- (i) Define degree of thickening.
- (j) What are the additional parameters required to convert load/elongation curve to stress/strain curve.

**2. Attempt any five questions from this section.**

**(10×5=50)**

- (a) What are the factors affecting Yarn Hairiness.
- (b) Discuss Yarn faults based on Length.
- (c) What are the probable reasons of generation of Short Thick faults in yarn?
- (d) Discuss the salient features of "AFIS".

- (e) Explain the principle of "WIRA FDM" for measurement of wool fibre length.
- (f) What is FQI? Discuss its importance.
- (g) Discuss the 'Causticaire test'.
- (h) Draw a stress-strain curve of a textile fibre and show the yield point and tenacity in it.

### Section-C

**Note: Attempt any two parts of the following. (15×2=30)**

- 3. Explain the term 'Span Length'. How the 'Uniformity Ratio' is calculated with the help of Span Length.
- 4. With the help of a neat labelled diagram, discuss the principle of any textile fibre fineness tester.
- 5. Define random sampling and biased sampling. Give the probable causes of sample to become biased sample.